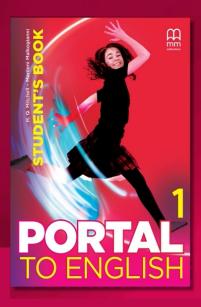
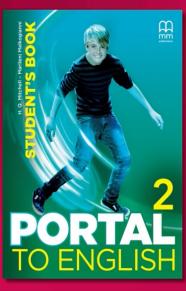
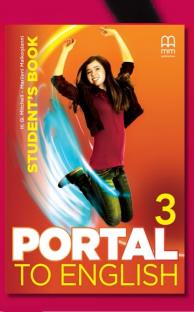
Enter PORTAL and open your mind to a new world!

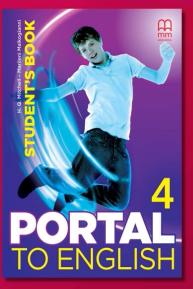


PORIAL TOENGLISH











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PORTAL and open your mind to a new world!

Portal to English is a brand new series designed to engage learners and to equip them with the skills necessary to excel in the modern, ever-changing world.

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Portal to English is an inspiring course for teenagers which takes learners from Beginners to Intermediate level. The course follows the requirements of the Common European Framework of Reference and focuses on the systematic development of key competences. The course is organised in topic-based modules, which allows learners to deal with a variety of topics in depth. In this way, learners are enabled to communicate successfully in English in a wide range of social situations and environments.

COURSE FEATURES

- Motivating and contemporary topics with multicultural and cross-curricular information
- Lively dialogues presenting functional language in real-life situations
- An integrated approach to the development of the four skills
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- Special emphasis on vocabulary building
- Grammar presented and practised in context
- Progressive development of speaking skills through functional language
- Step-by-step approach to writing

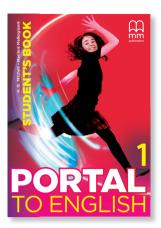
- Activities designed to develop 21st century skills
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- Practical tips helping students to become autonomous learners
- A round-up section in each module providing regular revision and consolidation
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- Songs
- A grammar reference section
- Three videos per module

and much, much more!



Components

FOR STUDENTS



Student's Book



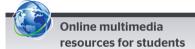
Full-colour Workbook



Student's CD-ROM



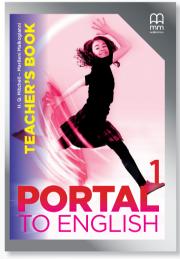
Grammar Book



FOR TEACHERS

- Practice (extra activities)
- Tests
- Vocabulary List





Interleaved Teacher's Book



Class CDs



Teacher's Resource CD/CD-ROM (including Tests for the coursebook, Grammar Tests, key to Grammar Book activities and video worksheets with teacher's guide)



Interactive Whiteboard Material (also including videos and games)

CONTENTS

Portal to English 1 (A1.1)

STRUCTURES

Hello

- · What's your name?
- How do you spell...?
- What's your phone number?
- · How old are you?
- · What's the time?
- · What colour is this?
- a/an
- this/that
- Plurals (regular -s)
- Imperative

Module 1 This is me

- The verb be
- Possessive adjectives
- What...? / Who...?
- Where... from?

Module 2 My favourites

- The verb have got
- The verb can (ability. permission, requests)
- Possessive case
- Whose...?
- these/those
- Adjectives

Module 3 Day in day out

- Present Simple
- Prepositions of time
- Present Simple with Wh-questions
- Adverbs of frequency

Module 4 My home, my town

- a/an, the
- There is / There are
- The verb must

Module 5 Delicious!

- Countable and uncountable nouns
- Plurals (regular/irregular)
- a(n)/some
- some/any/a lot of
- How much? / How many?
- Object personal pronouns

Module 6 Let's have fun

- Present Progressive
- Why? / Because...
- Present Simple vs Present Progressive
- like/love/enjoy/hate + ing form

Module 7 Going on a trip!

- Past Simple (regular/irregular verbs)
- Past Simple of the verb be
- Time expressions

Module 8 Special days

- Future be going to
- Present Progressive with future meaning
- Comparative forms
- Superlative forms
- Future will

Portal to English 2 (A1.2)

STRUCTURES

Hello

- The verb be
- The verb have got
- Possessive adjectives
- Possessive case
- Prepositions of place: on, in. under
- There is / There are
- Plural forms
- This / That / These / Those
- The verb can
- Ouestion words

Module 1 About me

- Present Simple
- Prepositions of time
- · Adverbs of frequency
- Present Progressive
- Present Simple vs **Present Progressive**

Adverbs of manner

- Stative verbs

Module 2 Looking back

- Past Simple
- Time expressions • The verb could
- Used to
- - Object Pronouns

Module 3 From place to place

- · must have to
- Comparative form as + adjective + as
- Superlative form
- Prepositions of place and movement

Module 4 What happened?

- Past Progressive
- Past Simple Past **Progressive**
- some any no
- Compounds of some, any, no, every
- Time clauses (when, while)

Module 5 A modern world

- Future be going to
- Time expressions
- Future will
- may might could
- Present Progressive (future meaning)
- Conditional Sentences Type 1

• have been - have gone

Module 6 Summer

- Present Perfect Simple
- Time expressions
 - · How long?, for, since
- Present Perfect Simple vs **Past Simple**
- Question tags

Module 7 It's your choice

- The verb should
- too/enough
- How much...? / How many...? / Much / Many / A lot of / Lots of / A few / A little
- one / ones
- Possessive pronouns

Module 8 Action!

- · Relative pronouns (who, which, that)
- Passive voice (Present Simple, Past Simple)
- · So / Neither

Portal to English 3 (A2)

STRUCTURES

Module 1 Teen life

- Present Simple vs **Present Progressive**
- Stative verbs
- Past Simple
- Used to
- Comparison of adjectives and adverbs

Module 2 World famous

- Relative pronouns: who. which, that, whose
- Relative adverb: where
- Conditional Sentences Type 1
- Time Clauses (Present -Future)
- some, any, no, every and their compounds
- Prepositions of place and movement

Module 3 Have you ever ...?

- Present Perfect Simple
- Present Perfect Simple
- Past Simple
- Present Perfect Progressive
- Present Perfect Simple -
- **Present Perfect Progressive**
- for since
- Reflexive pronouns

Module 4 A taste of adventure

- Past Simple Past Progressive
- · Time clauses (when.
- while, as, as soon as)
- Question tags
- Past Perfect Simple
- Clauses of result

Module 5 Get the message across

- so / neither / too / either
- · The article 'the'
- can / could / be able to
- must / have to / need (to) / can't
- can / could / may / will / would
- could / may / might
- must / can't

Module 6 Making a difference

- Passive Voice (Present Simple Past Simple Present Perfect Simple - Future will - Future be going to modal verbs)
- Conditional Sentences Type 2

Module 7 A material world

- All / Both / Neither / None / Either
- -ing form
- Negative questions
- Full and Bare Infinitive

Module 8 The elements

- Reported Speech (Statements, Commands, Requests, Questions)
- Subject Object questions

Portal to English 4 (B1)

STRUCTURES

Module 1 Online matters

- Present Simple vs **Present Progressive**
- Stative verbs
- Comparisons
- Past Simple
- Used to
- be/get used to

Module 2 Ready or not

- Countable and uncountable nouns
- Ouantifiers
- Defining Relative Clauses
- Non-Defining Relative Clauses
- Past Simple Past Progressive

Module 3 Shopping spree

- may / might / could
- must / can't
- must / have to / need (to) / can't
- would rather / had better / should /ought to
- Present Perfect Simple vs Past Simple
- Present Perfect Simple - Present Perfect **Progressive**

Module 4 Trending

- Future will
- Future be going to
- Future Perfect Simple
- All / Both / Neither / None / Either
- Both... and / Either... or / Neither... nor
- Conditional Sentences Types 0, 1 and 2

Module 5 Where to?

- Past Perfect Simple Past Perfect Progressive
- Reported Speech (Statements, Questions, Commands, Requests)
- Reporting verbs

Module 6 Time for some fun

- Passive Voice
- Verbs with two objects
- · Clauses of result, concession, purpose

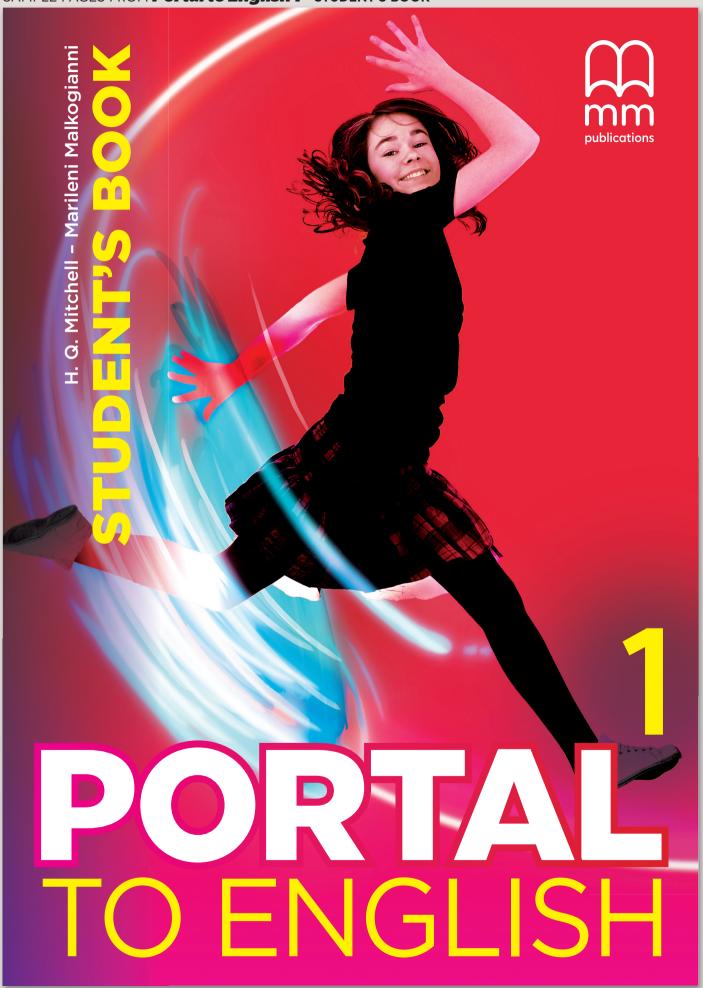
Module 7 Mother Nature

- Full / Bare infinitive
- -ing form
- Exclamatory sentences
- Modal verbs + have + past participle

Module 8 Looking good

- Causative Form
- Conditional Sentences Type 3
- Wish / If only

SAMPLE PAGES FROM **Portal to English 1 - STUDENT'S BOOK**







36

language points

Ted has breakfast every morning.

I have a shower every evening.

animated comic strips presenting language in an engaging and motivating manner

5. After school, the teacher meets her friends.

an inductive approach to presenting grammar



I get up at 6.30 on weekdays. I go to school at 7.30 and get ready for class.



Grammar Portal to Gramma

Present Simple (affirmative)

I cook
You watch
We go
They study



cooks watches goes studies

We use the **Present Simple** for habits or actions that happen regularly.

grammar clearly presented and practised

grammar

explanations

and grammar

reference

section at the

back of the

book

Prepositions of time

- ten o'clock, half past one, etc.

 the weekend
 noon/midday/night/midnight
- in the morning, the afternoon, the evening
- Monday, Tuesday, etc.

 Sunday morning/afternoon/
 evening/night
 weekdays

the correct preposition in blue.

1 On / At weekdays, I 2

Complete with the Present Simple

of the verbs in brackets and circle

(get) home from school 3 at / in three o'clock. I 4 (do)

my homework and then 5

(play) football with my friends.

6 On / In the evening, my mum

(make) dinner

and my dad 8 (help) her. After dinner, we 9

(watch) TV.



I get home at 6 p.m. Then I've got housework and work for school, too. I want to be a student again!





C Find the words early, easy and boring in the text. Then find their opposites in the text.

early ≠ _____

boring ≠

easv

Pronunciation

A ■ Listen and repeat. What's the difference between a, b and c?

a. gets b. does c. watches

B () Listen and tick () the sound you hear.

	gets /s/	does /z/	watches /ız/
writes			
plays			
speak s			
brushes			
dances			
has			

short writing activity

pronunciation activity

Speak & Write

A Talk in pairs about the time you get up and go to bed on weekdays and at the weekend.

On weekdays, I get up at 8.00. What about you? On weekdays, I...

At the weekend, I...

B Write a few sentences about the time you get up and go to bed on weekdays and at the weekend.
Then write about a friend.

On weekdays, I get up at... At the weekend, I...

On weekdays, Kelly gets up at... At the weekend, she...

37

various speaking activities

activities focusing on reading for gist

3b Vocabulary A ♠ Listen and repeat.





Read

A () Read the text and match the questions a-c with the paragraphs 1-3. Then listen and check your answers.

- **a.** Do you relax in the afternoon?
- **b.** Do you like your jobs?
- **c.** Do you start your day early?

emphasis on vocabulary presented through visual prompts















A Day in the Life of a Superhero

Steve

• B Discuss.

 Which of the people above can you find in a...?

variety of activities helping to consolidate vocabulary e.g. categorising







- · Which of the people work outdoors?
- Which of the people wear a uniform or special clothes?

Yes, I do. In the morning, I work at a comic bookshop, but I don't work there all day. I start work at nine o'clock and I finish at one o'clock. I love comics.

No, I don't. You see, I've got two jobs, but I don't mind! In the afternoon, I work at a children's hospital. I'm not a doctor, I'm not a nurse, I'm a superhero! I wear a cool superhero costume and I visit the children. We play games and read books. Kids love superheroes!

Of course I do! Every day I meet new people – at the shop and at the hospital. That's my favourite part!

various text types presenting topics relevant to students' age and interests

Grammar Portal to Grammar

Present Simple (negative-questions)

	NEGATIVE
I You	don't (=do not) play
He She It	doesn't (= does not) play
We You They	don't (=do not) play

QU	ESTIC	ONS
Do	l you	play?
Does	he she it	play?
Do	we you they	play?



Rarton

- B Read again and complete the sentences with a word or short phrase.
 - 1. Steve works at a

2. His morning job starts at

and finishes at

3. In his afternoon job, Steve wears a

costume.

4. The children read

and play

with Steve.

5. Steve meets at his jobs.

activities focusing on reading for detail

SHORT	ANSWERS
Yes, I do.	No, I don't.
he	he
Yes, she does.	No, she doesn't.
it	it
we	we
Yes, you do.	No, you don't.
they	they

Complete the sentences with do, does, don't or doesn't.

- 1. A: _____ your dad work at weekends?
 - . He's a doctor at B: Yes, he Mayfield Hospital.
 - A: What about your mum?
 - **B:** My mum ____ work at weekends. She's a teacher.
- 2. A: you like football?
 - **B:** Yes, I _____. I'm crazy about it.
 - A: your brother like football, too?
 - **B:** No, he _____. He _____ like sports.
- 3. A: your cousins live in London?
 - **B:** No, they _____. They _ live in England. They live in Paris.

Listen -

Listen to three dialogues and choose a or b.

Dialogue 1

Diane's sister is a _____at a pizza

restaurant.

a. waitress

b. chef

Dialogue 2

Ted finishes work at _____ on Tuesdays.

a. 5.00

b. 8.00

Dialogue 3

Alex and Jack _____ on Thursdays.

a. play basketball **b.** watch basketball

on TV

Speak

GUESSING GAME

Go to the Speaking Activities section.

39

a variety of

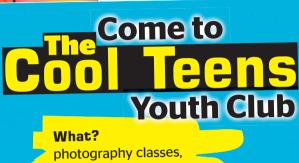
listening tasks

systematic development of reading skills

3C Read

A Read the flyer and the sentences 1-4. Write
T for True or F for False.

B () Look at the picture. What do you think the dialogue between the two boys is about? Listen to the dialogue and check your answers. Then read it out in pairs.



photography classes, video games, book club, science club

When?

Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays

What time?

From 5 p.m. to 10 p.m.

Age? 13-17

Cost? £40/month

Where? Rainside Secondary School



- **1.** The youth club is open every day.
- **2.** You can go to the book club in the mornings.
- **3.** Twelve-year-olds can't join the youth club.
- **4.** One week at the youth club is £40.



Dylan Hey, Ethan. What do you do in your free time?

Ethan I take pictures of birds.

Dylan Huh?

Ethan It's for a photography project at The Cool Teens. I take pictures of birds in different places and then I post the pictures on the youth club's website.

Dylan Where do you take the pictures?

Ethan At the park, at the swimming pool...

Dylan Cool project! I want to join, too. When do you go to the youth club?

Ethan I go on Wednesdays, but they have a photography class on Thursdays, too.

Dylan Well, I can't go on Thursdays. What time do you go on Wednesdays?

Ethan At five o'clock.

Dylan That's great! See you there!

C Read again and complete the card below.





Vocabulary

(a) Match the pictures with the free-time activities. Then listen and check your answers.

















listen to music go to the cinema do arts and crafts

go rollerblading/skateboarding

hang out with friends

go shopping

talk on the phone

read articles / watch videos on the Internet

NOTE

We use go with activities. go shopping, go skateboarding We use **go to** with places. go to the cinema, go to the swimming pool, go to school





- What do you do in your free time at home?
- Do you go out with friends or family?
- What's your favourite free-time activity?

Grammar Portal to Grammar

Present Simple (Wh-questions)

A: What do you do on Saturdays?

B: I go shopping.

A: When do you go shopping?

B: On Saturdays.

Circle the correct options.

1. A: What / What time do you go to the swimming pool?

B: At six o'clock.

2. A: When Mary watches / does Mary watch videos on the Internet?

B: In the afternoons.

3. A: When / Where do your sister and her friends hang out?

B: At the youth club.

4. A: When you ride / do you ride your bike in the park?

B: At the weekend.

5. A: Where / What do you do on Saturdays? B: I go to the cinema with my friends.

pair work activities helping students develop their communication and collaboration skills while practising the language taught

Speak

Talk in pairs.

Student A: Choose an activity from the ones below and ask your partner questions to find out as much as possible about it.

hang out with friends watch DVDs go shopping ride a bike listen to music do arts and crafts go to the cinema play football watch videos on the Internet

Student B: Answer Student A's questions.

Do you watch DVDs in your free time? Yes, I do.

When do you watch DVDs? At the weekend.

Who do you watch DVDs with? Alone or with my cousins.

Where do you watch DVDs?

At home.

activities encouraging critical thinking and personal response

3d

Vocabulary

- A ■() Listen to the sounds. Which of the means of transport do you recognise?
- B () Complete with the words in the box. Then listen and check your answers.

axi motorbike

car bus

practical tips helping students to develop skills and become autonomous learners

Learn whole phrases (e.g. verb + noun), not just individual words.



take a 1



take the 2



use/take the underground



drive a 3



ride a 4



walk

Listen 1

(1) Listen to three short dialogues. How do Lisa, Greg and Mike get to work or school every day? Match the people with the pictures a-d. There is one extra picture which you do not need to use.



Over to you...

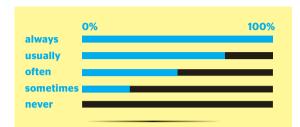
iscuss.

 Which is the most popular means of transport in your town/city?



Grammar Portal to Gramma

Adverbs of frequency



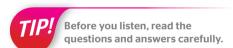
Adverbs of frequency:

- go before the main verb.
 I always walk to school.
 My mother doesn't usually take a taxi to work.
 Do you often talk on the phone?
- after the verb be.
 I am never late for school.

- A Write the sentences using the adverbs of frequency in brackets.
 - 1. Tim rides his motorbike to work. (usually)
 - 2. My friends and I don't watch DVDs at the weekend. (often)
 - 3. Does Fred go to bed at 10.30? (always)
 - 4. We're tired after school. (sometimes)
- B (3) Listen to the second dialogue from Listen 1 again and note down the two adverbs of frequency you hear.

Listen 2

- ▲ (1) Listen to a dialogue between a girl (Janet) and a boy (Lee). What is their relationship? Choose a or b.
 - a. They are classmates.
 - **b.** They are brother and sister.
- B () Listen again and answer the questions. Choose a or b.



- 1. When does Janet usually go to the park?
 - a. after school
 - b. at weekends

2. How do Lee and his friends get to the park?

- a. They ride their bikes.
- b. They take the bus.
- 3. What does Lee often do at the park?
 - a. He reads a book.
 - **b.** He takes pictures.
- 4. What does Lee never do at the park?
 - a. play football
 - b. go rollerblading

Speak

Talk in pairs. Look at the places in the box. How do you get to these places?

school a friend's house the park the cinema the swimming pool a variety of communicative tasks practising the language taught

How do you get to school every day?
I always walk to school. It's near my house. What about you?
I usually...

Do you usually ride your bike to the park?

systematic development of listening skills

Vocabulary

■) Listen and repeat. Do you do any of the following? When?

Listen

A ■) Listen to two friends, Jill and Bill, talking about sports. In the table below, put a ✓ for the sport they like and an × for the sport they don't like.

	running	volleyball
Jill		
Bill		

B (3) Read the sentences below and put the dialogue in the correct order. Write 1-6. Use the answers in the table above for help. Then listen and check your answers.

Really? I love it. I think it's fun.

I don't like volleyball very much. What about you?

Ugh... No, I don't. I think it's boring.

What about volleyball? Do you like volleyball?

1 Hey, Jill, do you like running?

I like it very much. I play in a team.



swimming



running

athletics

A Do you like these sports? How much?
Write the emoticon next to each one.

:-) Yes, very much!

:- It's OK.

:-(No!









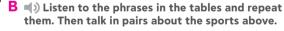








systematic development of speaking skills



Saying you like something

I like (tennis) very much.
I like (tennis) a lot.
I really like (tennis).
I love (tennis).
I'm crazy about (tennis).
(Tennis) is my favourite sport.

Expressing opinion

fun.
cool.
I think it's...
boring.
hard.



gymnastics

Discuss.

- Which sports are team sports and which are individual sports?
- Which sports are popular in your country?

Saying you don't like something

I don't like (tennis) very much.

I don't like (tennis) at all. I hate (tennis).

something

Do you like....?

Yes, I do. I think it's fun. /
No, I don't. I think it's boring.
What about you?

I like... very much. / It's OK. /
I don't like... at all.

44

speaking activities practising useful language functions



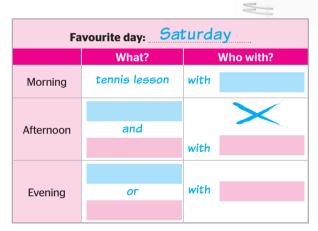
Speak & Write

A Read about Rita's favourite day of the week and complete the table below.



I love Saturdays!

My favourite day of the week is Saturday. In the morning, after breakfast, I go to the youth club with my cousin, Jenna. We have a tennis lesson at 10.30. We're both crazy about tennis! In the afternoon, I do my homework, but after that I don't stay at home. I go to the park with my friends. We usually play basketball or volleyball. In the evening, my family and I often have dinner at our favourite pizza restaurant or we go to the cinema. Saturdays are busy but I think they're great!



- B Read about Rita's day again and underline the phrases that show that she likes something.
- C Complete the table below about your favourite day of the week. Then talk in pairs.

Fav	ourite day:	
	What?	Who with?
Morning		
Afternoon		
Evening		

What's your favourite day of the week?

What do you do in the morning?

What do you do in the afternoon?

What do you do in the evening?

•••

speaking activity helping students prepare for producing their own piece of writing

Page 2 Read and make sentences by putting the words in the correct order.

WORD ORDER

In English, we always put the subject of a sentence before the verb in affirmative and negative sentences.

subject + verb

I do Molly doesn't play arts and crafts. tennis. useful guidance enabling students to develop their writing skills

- 1. watches / in / Tina / TV / afternoon / the
- 2. don't / much / sports / very / like / I
- 3. comics / cousin / read / mv / doesn't
- 4. goes / Ken / school / swimming / after
- 5. 8.15 / starts / at / school

Write a paragraph about your favourite day of the week. Use the information in activity C.

W W

My favourite day of the week is ...

In the morning, ...

In the afternoon, ...

In the evening, ...

riP!

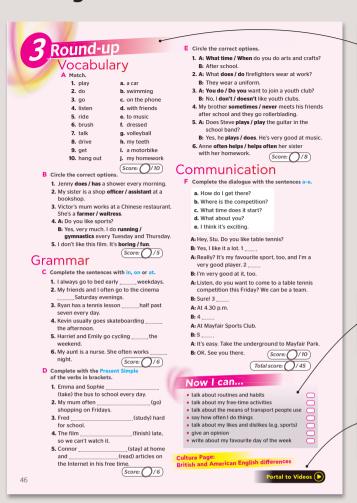
Remember:

- to include phrases that show that you like this day.
- to check the word order in your writing (subject + verb, adverbs of frequency)

useful tips enabling students to develop skills and strategies

guided writing task

SAMPLE PAGES FROM **Portal to English 1 - STUDENT'S BOOK**



vocabulary, grammar and communication revision activities

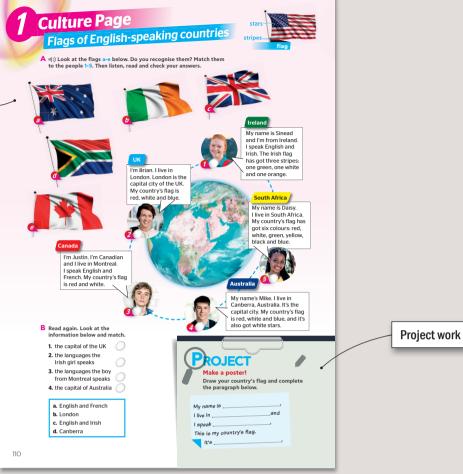
a self-evaluation section promoting learner autonomy

videos consolidating the vocabulary, grammar and functions of the module

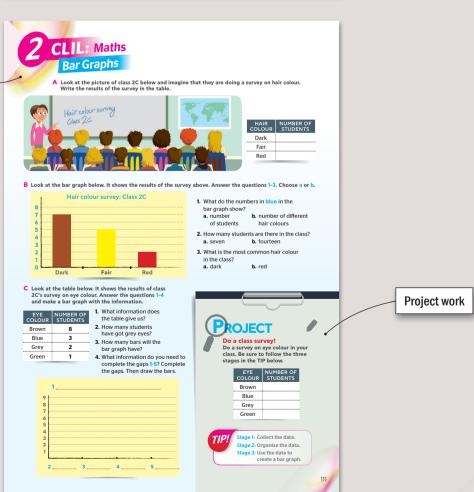
original songs that engage students and practise language in a different context



text giving cultural information about Englishspeaking countries and allowing for comparisons with students' own culture



text giving crosscurricular information linking English with other school subjects



SAMPLE PAGES FROM **Portal to English 1 - WORKBOOK**



B Do the crossword.







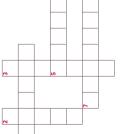












5. go to 6. go to 7. have

Across: 3. get

4. do







9
The state of the s

1	
	6

).,	
1/1	1	
7	TX7A	
	1	
N. C.	4	
	11	
	S	

easy hard	This project is	I need your help.	to 3'+1 dailed to book wow m'
'n	This	Inee	



F Complete the sentences with at, in or on.

E Complete the texts with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

3. We learn / learns lots of cool things at school.

4. My friends and I play / plays basketball.

2. My cousins watch / watches TV after school.

1. Lily want/wants to be a French teacher.

D Circle the correct options.

he weekend, my brother and I	midnight.
the	go to bed
-	

noon every

2. We have lunch

udy. Iulio door hor homowork
Julie does liel Holliewolk
Saturday evening.

ng.	teboard	overbyoom.
Saturday evening.	Kevin and I skateboard	offornoon

the

afternoons	weekdays.
My parents get up	6.00 a.
and go to work.	

(have) breakfast, and (go) to school. In the (get) home at (watch) TV

(get) up at 7.30 every (brush) her teeth.



four o'clock and she 6

Then she 4 .. then she 3 day. She 2__

> 2. brush my 1. have a

After dinner, she 7 afternoon, she 5

with her sister.



(read) comics. Then they (make) dinner with their

12 13 parents.

(watch) TV and

(do) their homework. In the evening, they

their bikes home and they 10 ...

After school, they 9

(go) to school at 8 a.m.

Dawson and Alvin are brothers, and they



9

boring fun	I want to watch TV every day.		I'm not crazy about football.	•
6	*	lt's	Ë	lt's
early late	School starts at 8.30 a.m. so	we get up very	on weekdays.	But at the weekend we get up

C Complete the sentences with the words in the boxes.

This project is Inneed your help.	

language.



 ${\sf A}$ Complete the sentences with the phrases in the box.

go shopping go skateboarding net do arts and crafts to music watch DVDs talk on the phone go listen to music watch videos on the Internet go to the cinema



B Complete with the correct question word. Use When, What, Who or Where.

does your father wear to	work?	B: A uniform.	do you do arts and crafts?	B: At the youth club.	do you have a shower?	B: In the morning.
4. A:		_	5.	_	6. A:	_
do you go skateboarding with?		time do you go rollerblading in			do you have your English class?	and Fridays.
1. A:	B: My best friend.	Ä	the park?	B: At four o'clock.	Ä:	B: On Wednesdays and Fridays.
÷		2.			κi	

C Write questions for the answers below. Use When, What, Who or Where and the prompts in brackets.

1. A: What time does the youth club

D Choose a or b.

- 1. A: Where does your cousin ride his bike? (your cousin / ride / bike)

B: At the park.

a. In the morning.

b. At 10.00.

a. I go shopping with my aunt. **b.** Yes, I do.

2. A: Do you like shopping?

(your brother / go / youth club)

B: At the weekend.

- 3. A: Where does Claire work?

B: On Tuesdays and Thursdays. (you / go / swimming pool)

a. Every day.

4. A: When do you go to the youth club? b. At a hospital.

B: I post pictures on my website.

(you / do / your free time)

(you / have dinner / Sundays)

B: At an Italian restaurant.

- a. At the weekend.
 - 5. A: What do you do after school? b. I go alone.
 - a. I play computer games. b. No, I don't.

E Listen to a short dialogue and circle the correct options on the flyer.

B: She watches videos on the Internet.

(Kelly / do / Saturdays)



JOIN NOW! AGES: 12 - 4 16 / 17



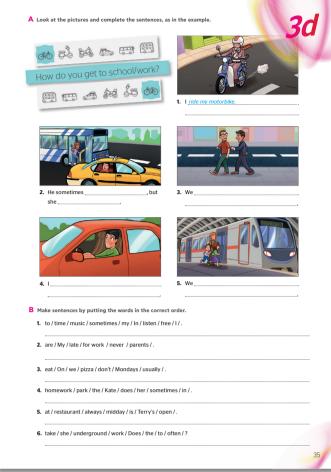
F Answer the questions.

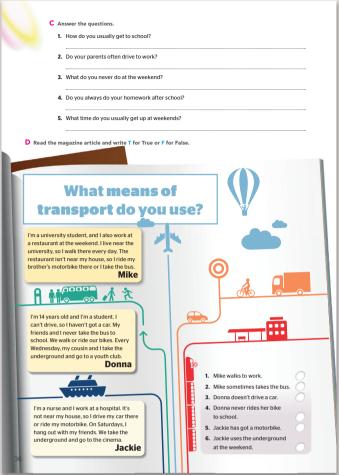
- 1. What do you do in your free time?

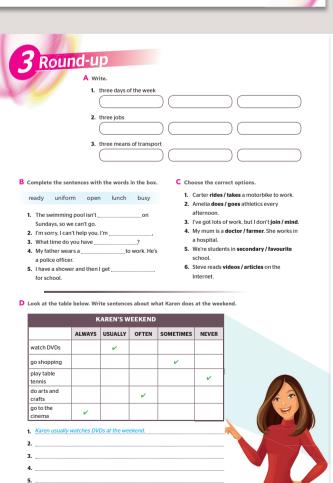
2. When do you do your homework?

- 3. Do you go to the cinema on Saturdays?
- 4. What time do you go to school?
- 5. Where do you hangout with your friends?

SAMPLE PAGES FROM **Portal to English 1 - WORKBOOK**

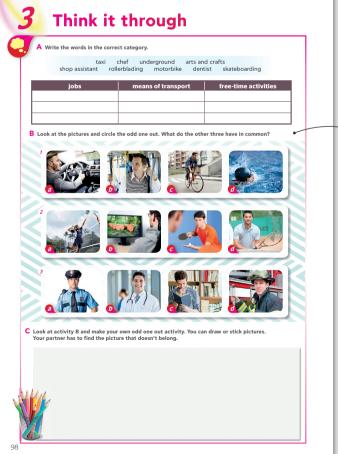












activities developing higher-order thinking skills (e.g. classification)



TB 40

Vocabulary CD1 (3) 68

AIMS: • to introduce vocabulary related to free-time activities

- Ask Ss to look at the pictures and read the phrases
 - Have Ss do the activity.
- Play the recording and have Ss check their answers. Check the answers with the class.

read articles / watch videos on the Internet: 4 go rollerblading/skateboarding: 7 hang out with friends: 2 do arts and crafts: 6 talk on the phone: 1 go to the cinema: 5 listen to music: 3 go shopping: 8

- · Play the recording again and pause it so that Ss can
 - Draw Ss' attention to the NOTE and explain it. repeat what they hear.

Over to you

AIMS: • to give Ss the opportunity to have a further discussion about free-time

activities

Ask Ss the questions in the box.

Elicit answers and initiate a short discussion.

What do you do in your free time at home? I watch videos on the Internet and listen to suggested answers

Hanging out with friends is my favourite free-What's your favourite free-time activity? park or we go shopping.

I usually go out with my friends. We go to the

Do you go out with friends or family?

OPTIONAL ACTIVITY

- Do a class survey to find the most popular free-time activity for girls and boys.
- Present the results in a bar graph on the board.
- Alternatively, divide the class into two groups, boys and girls, and draw two bar charts, one for boys and one for girls.

Grammar

AIMS: • to present and give Ss practice in using the Present Simple with Wh-questions



- · Ask Ss to read through the examples.
- Draw Ss' attention to the two questions (What do you do on Saturdays? / When do you go shopping?).
- Ask Ss to tell you what they notice about these questions (they begin with the question words What and When).

- Ask Ss to tell you what they notice about the formation of Wh-questions (they are formed with the question word + the question form of the Present Simple). Point out that their answers are not Yes/No as they request information.
 - Remind Ss that questions beginning with Do/Does require Yes/No answers.
- do you go to the youth club? / What time do you go on Wednesdays?). examples of Wh-questions (What do you do in your free time? / Where do you take the pictures? / When Refer Ss to the dialogue and ask them to find
- the precise time) and When (asks generally about time and can be answered by e.g. a day of the week, a precise time, a period during the day). Help Ss differentiate between What time (asks about
- Draw Ss' attention to the question What do you do in your free time? and help them differentiate between the auxiliary verb do and the main verb do.
 - · Refer Ss to the Grammar Reference.
 - . Check the answers with the class.

2. does Mary watch 1. What time

4. do you ride

Speak

3. Where

AIMS: • to give Ss practice in talking about

Draw Ss' attention to the box and make sure they do their free-time activities

Ask Ss to read through the speech bubble. not have any unknown words.

Choose several pairs to act out the dialogue in class Get Ss to do the activity in pairs and go round the class helping them when necessary.

KEY

A: Do you play football in your free time? suggested answer

- B: Yes, I do.
- A: When do you play football? B: At the weekend.
- A: Who do you play football with?
 - A: Where do you play football? B: With my friends. B: At the park.

OPTIONAL ACTIVITY

Project 💌 🗓

- · Explain to Ss that they are going to make a flyer about a youth club they would like to join.
- Explain that they should include information on the following topics: what it offers, when it is open, the cost and where it is located.
 - Encourage them to use the Internet to find pictures
 - Point out that they are going to present it to their classmates, who will choose the most interesting

Grammar

Present Simple (Wh-questions)

activities. Then listen and check your answers.

() Match the pictures with the free-time

Vocabulary

A: What do you do on Saturdays? B: I go shopping.

A: When do you go shopping? B: On Saturdays.

Circle the correct options.

- 1. A: What / What time do you go to the swimming pool?
 - 2. A: When Mary watches / does Mary B: At six o'clock.
- watch videos on the Internet? B: In the afternoons.
- 3. A: When / Where do your sister and her
- 4. A: When you ride / do you ride your bike friends hang out? B: At the youth club.
 - B: At the weekend. in the park?
- 5. A: Where / What do you do on Saturdays? B: I go to the cinema with my friends.

Speak

Talk in pairs.

go rollerblading/skateboarding

do arts and crafts

go to the cinema listen to music

hang out with friends

ones below and ask your partner questions to find out as much as Student A: Choose an activity from the

possible about it.

ride a bike listen to music play football watch videos on the Internet go to the cinema do arts and crafts watch DVDs hang out with friends go shopping

watch videos on the Internet

talk on the phone

go shopping

read articles/

NOTE

Student B: Answer Student A's questions.

Do you watch DVDs in your free time? Yes, I do.

go to the cinema, go to the swimming pool,

go to school

go shopping, go skateboarding

We use go with activities. We use go to with places. When do you watch DVDs? At the weekend.

Who do you watch DVDs with? Alone or with my cousins. Where do you watch DVDs?

At home.

 What do you do in your free time at home? What's your favourite free-time activity?

Over 🚾 you...

Do you go out with friends or family?

TB 41

(not buy) a

skateboard. He

1. Mark

rollerblades.

(be) you

B: At the stadium. I

yesterday?

last night/week/year, etc.

in 2013, etc.

two days/months ago

2. A: Where

B Complete with the Past Simple of the verbs in

have +

think ↓ bite ↓

She didn't (did not) visit/go

t see

You We

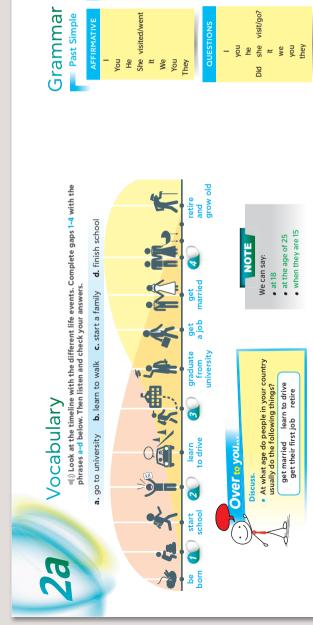
fall

get

te|

lose 🕇

A Find irregular verbs in the blog to complete the table below.



NOTE

C. AN EXPERIENCE I WANT TO FORGET

 $A = \emptyset$ Listen, read and choose the best title (a, b or c) for the blog.

Read

a. FUN WITH FRIENDS b. FOR THE FIRST TIME

< > ♂ http://www.henrys-blog.com

•

₩ III Prosects.

The Past Simple of the verb be is was/were My friends were at the cinema yesterday, but I was at home.

(decide) to get (call) it Trixie. (have) lots (choose) a (take) (enjoy) the camping trip last weekend? (watch) the basketball game. It the kids lots of pictures. (be) fantastic! 3. When my sister of fun and B: Yes, they eight, she a pet. She parrot and

Write & Present

A Make a timeline for yourself with different life events. Write them in the order they happened and include the year. Present your timeline to the class.

B ◀③ Listen and tick (✓) the sound you hear.

A (∅) Listen and repeat. What's the difference between a, b and c? a. walked b. stayed c. started

Read again and write T for

I was so happy when I saw it! You see,

at the age of thirteen. The skateboard was a present from my aunt and uncle

I got my first skateboard last year,

it wasn't at the skatepark, of course, it

was in our driveway. I fell a few times, wanted one, too. The first time I tried all my friends had skateboards, and I

so I decided to practise a lot before I went to the skatepark with my friends. I didn't want to fall in front of them.

"m very good at skateboarding now,

happened during lunchtime

at school. I bit my chicken I was six years old when I lost my first tooth. It

sandwich, but something

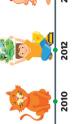
and I can do lots of stunts.

True or F for False.

1. Henry lost his first 2. Henry bit on a nut

tooth at home.

Pronunciation



my baby sister was born 2015 competition won art got Fluffy, my cat

parents. If you don't know enough information, ask your parents. Present the timeline to the class. Make a similar timeline for one of your

>								
walk ed /t/							0	0
stay <mark>ed</mark> /d/	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
start ed /id/		0	0	0	0	0	0	0

skateboard a year ago. 5. Henry's parents gave

4. Henry got his first

other students.

his tooth, he told the

3. When Henry lost

and lost his tooth.

Advances stayed stayed at the	Mai	finished	decided	tried	happen <mark>ed</mark>	worked	practised	called	waited
		0		0	0	0	0	0	C
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C

2

the last person in my class to lose a baby tooth. When I told my classmates, they

thought it was funny and

started laughing!

was excited because I was

When I saw the tooth, I

was difficult to chew.
"What did Mum put in my sandwich? Nuts?" I thought.

7. Henry knows how to do a lot of skateboarding

to the skatepark with

his friends.

6. When Henry got the him the skateboard. skateboard, he went

Read

- A Discuss.
- What kind of museums have you been to?
- Which museum is your favourite one?
- Have you been to or would you like to visit a natural history museum? What kind of exhibition halls can you find at such a museum?

B (1) Listen, read and match the pictures 1-3 with the people Brian, Lisa and Jennifer.



A trip to the American Museum of Natural History

Thursday we visited the American Museum of Natural History as part of a five-day trip to New At Eastwood Secondary School we believe it's important to learn by experience. So last York City. Here are some of the things that our students enjoyed the most!

Lisa There were so many things

liked was the Hall of African It was my first time there, so I didn't know what to expect of Ocean Life. I was amazed! blue whale which is hanging The guide who was showing Imagine that! Another place Mammals. It has models of and weighs over 9 tonnes! There's a model of a giant from the ceiling! It's huge! When we entered the Hall us round told us that it's almost 29 metres long

halls, but what really amazed me was in the Hall of North

to see at the museum, like

dinosaur halls and reptile

you can see a slice of a tree trunk which used to be pari

American forests. There, of a 92-metre-tall tree in tree was a giant sequoia

California. This particular

elephants and lions – animals which I absolutely love!

allowed to cut down sequoia

trees any more.

tree, and was 1,400 years old when it was cut down. Fortunately, people aren't

Jennifer

but I think the most terrifying thing of 15-centimetre-long sharp teeth. One thing I learnt was that it had a you can find the biggest collection was its head with its huge jaw full Tyrannosaurus Rex and fossils of halls were the best! That's where couldn't stop taking pictures. My forget. T-Rex was very powerful, of dinosaur bones in the world. I the 65-million-year-old fossil of favourite hall was the one with other dinosaurs whose names

larger brain than most other dinos. Big, strong... and clever! For me, the dino fan, the dinosaur

of Measurement

kilometre (km) kilogram, kilo (kg) tonne (t)

- 1. The distance between Paris and London is
- 2. Adult Asian elephants weigh between 2.5 and 5.5

344

3. Scientists believe that Tyrannosaurus Rex was up to 12

tall, and weighed

3.7

long. 4. My cat's tail is 30

between 5,000 and 7,000

Is that enough for the cake? 5. We only have 150

of sugar.

Grammar

C Read again and write T for True, F for False

or NM for Not Mentioned.

who / which / that / whose Relative Adverb: where Relative Pronouns:

2. Brian's favourite exhibit was in one

of the dinosaur halls.

1. Brian, Lisa and Jennifer all go to

the same school.

	ANIMALS/IDEAS COSESSION	2000	
who / that	: which / that	whose	where
	Mrs Sanders is the teacher who/that took	ther who/that to	ook

 The person (who/that) we want to speak to is called James Miles. us to the planetarium.

5. Lisa saw models of some of her favourite

4. Lisa's classmates liked the model of

the blue whale.

3. The slice of the tree is from a tree which grew to be 92 years old.

animals in the Hall of African Mammals.

6. Jennifer saw the largest dinosaur model

in the world at the museum.

all the dinosaurs whose fossils she saw.

8. T-Rex's teeth were 5 cm long.

Over to you..

7. Jennifer remembers the names of

- Giant sequoias are trees which/that grow in California.
- My favourite book is the one (which/that) I bought at the museum.
- · The room where they show videos is very Andy is the boy whose dad is a scientist.

is in central you can play football, cricket, and Complete the text with who, which, that, whose or where. If they can be omitted, put them in brackets. Last month, my classmates and I went on a school London - we went to Hyde Park. It is one of the biggest parks in the city and has a large area trip to a beautiful park 1

What other places should schools visit? Why?

Do you think schools should visit museums? Why? / Why not?

are crazy about football spent their routes were the best. I spent time riding with a friend time on the football pitches. For me, the horse riding favourite hobby is also horse lots of other sports. Many of my classmates

() Listen and read. Then complete the sentences.

Vocabulary

riding. We had so much fun! I loved Hyde Park and

I'd like to visit again!

t's a park 5__

centimetre (cm)

Neight

gram (g)

ength-

metre (m)

isten

) Listen to a tour guide talking about a national park and complete the fact file.



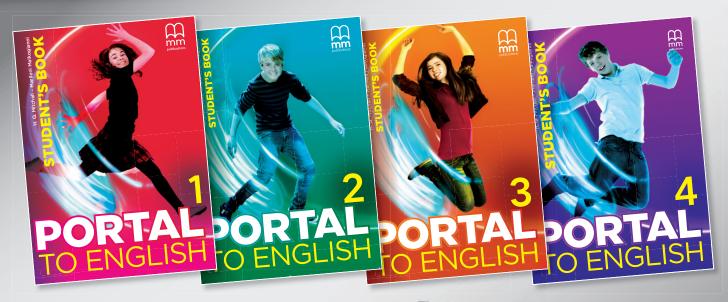
Speak

INFORMATION GAP

Talk in pairs. Go to the Speaking Activities section.

7









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